

1 Timothy 1

1. Who is the author of this epistle? _____
2. Who did Paul urge to remain in Ephesus? _____
3. “nor give heed to _____ and endless _____, which cause disputes rather than _____ edification which is in _____.” (NKJV)
4. Paul said we know the law is good if one uses it _____.
5. The law was not made for whom? _____
6. For whom did Paul say the law was made? _____

7. Who did Paul say put him into the ministry? _____
8. How did Paul describe himself before he obtained mercy? _____

9. Why did Jesus Christ come into the world? _____
10. Timothy was to wage the good warfare, having _____ and a good _____.
11. Concerning the faith, who had suffered shipwrecked? _____

12. **Memory Verse:** “And the _____ of our Lord was exceedingly _____, with _____ and _____ which are in Christ Jesus.” (NKJV)

1 Timothy 2

1. What was to be made for all men, for kings, and all who are in authority? _____

2. God desires all men to be _____ and to come to the _____
of truth.
3. Who is the mediator between God and man? _____
4. “who gave Himself a _____ for all, to be testified in due time,” (NKJV)
5. Paul was appointed a _____, an _____, and a teacher to the
_____.
6. Who did Paul tell to pray “lifting up holy hands, without wrath and doubting”? _____
7. Who did Paul tell to “adorn themselves in modest apparel, with propriety and moderation,
not with braided hair or gold or pearls or costly clothing but, which is proper for
_____ professing godliness, with good works”? _____
8. Who did God form first, Adam or Eve? _____
9. “And I do not permit a woman to _____ or to have _____ over a
man, but to be in _____.” (NKJV)
10. “Nevertheless she will be _____ in childbearing if they continue in _____,
_____, and _____, with self-control.” (NKJV)
12. **Memory Verse:** “For there is one _____ and one _____ between God and
men, the Man _____,” (NKJV)

1 Timothy 3

1. Can a man desire the position (office) of a bishop? _____
2. A bishop must be the husband of _____ wife.
3. A bishop must not be given to _____.
4. A bishop must be able (apt) to _____.
5. “one who _____ his own house well, having his _____ in submission with all reverence . . .” (NKJV)
6. Why should the bishop not be a novice? _____

7. A bishop must have a good testimony (report) among those who are _____.
8. Deacons must hold the “mystery of faith with a pure _____.”
9. “Let deacons be the husbands of _____ wife, ruling their _____ and their own _____ well.” (NKJV)
10. Deacons are not to be given to much _____.
11. “Likewise, their _____ must be reverent, not _____, temperate, _____ in all things.” (NKJV)
12. According to verse 15, why did Paul write this letter to Timothy? _____

13. Who was manifested in the flesh? _____
14. God was preached among the _____.
15. **Memory Verse:** “but if I am delayed, I write so that you may know how you ought to _____ yourself in the _____ of God, which is the _____ of the living God, the _____ and ground of the _____.” (NKJV)

1 Timothy 4

1. “Now the Spirit expressly says that in _____ some will depart from the _____, . . .” (NKJV)
 - a. “. . . giving heed to deceiving _____ and _____ of demons, . . .” (NKJV)
 - b. “. . . speaking _____ in hypocrisy, having their own _____ seared with a hot _____, . . .” (NKJV)
 - c. “. . . forbidding to _____, . . .” (NKJV)
 - d. “. . . and commanding to abstain from _____ which _____ created to be received with thanksgiving by those who _____ and know the truth.” (NKJV)
2. If Timothy instructed the brethren in these things, then he would have been a _____.
3. What was Timothy to reject (refuse, KJV)? _____
4. What did Paul say was “profitable for all things”? _____
5. “For to this end we both _____ and suffer _____, because we trust in the living _____, who is the Savior of all men, especially of those who _____.” (NKJV)
6. To what did Paul tell Timothy to give attention? _____
7. **Memory Verse:** “Take heed to _____ and to the _____. Continue in them, for in doing this you will _____ both yourself and those who _____ you.” (NKJV)

1 Timothy 5

1. Paul told Timothy to exhort the older man (an elder, KJV) as a _____, the younger men as _____, the older women as _____, and the younger women as _____.
2. Who was to offer help to the widows with older children and grandchildren? _____

3. But if anyone does not _____ for his own, and especially for those of his _____, he has denied the _____ and is worse than an unbeliever.” (NKJV)
4. Could the church support a widow under the age of sixty? _____
5. What did Paul desire the younger widows to do? _____

6. What was the responsibility of the believing man or woman towards his or her widow? _____

7. Of what were the elders to be counted worthy? _____
8. Paul told Timothy not to receive an _____ against an elder except from two or three witnesses.
9. Who was Timothy to rebuke in the presence of all? _____
10. Paul told Timothy to “observe these things without prejudice, doing nothing with _____.” (NKJV)

11. “Do not lay _____ on anyone hastily, nor share in other people’s _____; keep yourself _____.” (NKJV)
11. What reason did Paul give Timothy for drinking a little wine? _____
12. **Memory Verse:** “Do not _____ an older man, but exhort him as a _____, younger men as _____, older women as _____, younger women as _____, with all purity.” (NKJV)

1 Timothy 6

1. Why were servants (or bondservants) to count their masters worthy of all honor? _____

2. “And those who have believing _____, let them not _____ them because they are _____, but rather serve them because those who are benefited are believers and beloved. _____ and exhort these things.” (NKJV)
3. “If anyone _____ otherwise and does not consent to wholesome _____, even the words of our Lord Jesus Christ, and to the _____ which accords with godliness, . . .”
 - a. “. . . he is _____, knowing nothing, . . .”
 - b. “. . . but is obsessed with disputes and arguments over _____, from which come _____, strife, reviling, evil suspicions,”
 - c. . . . useless wranglings of men of _____ minds and destitute of the _____, who suppose that _____ is a means of gain. From such withdraw yourself.” (NKJV)
4. What did Paul tell Timothy was “great gain”? _____
5. Paul said, “And having _____ and _____, with these we shall be content.” (NKJV)
6. What did Paul say was the root of all evil? _____
7. Into what do those who desire to be rich fall? _____

8. What did Paul tell Timothy to pursue or follow after? _____

9. On to what was Timothy to “lay hold”? _____
10. Before whom did Jesus witness the “good confession”? _____
11. Who did Paul say the rich were to trust? _____
12. Why are the rich to do good? _____

13. What did Paul tell Timothy to avoid? _____

14. **Memory Verse:** “But you, O man of God, flee these things and pursue _____,
godliness, _____, love, _____, gentleness.” (NKJV)